Ethernet Network Planning A Multi-Layer Approach



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VPIsystems Proprietary



Outline

- Introduction
 - Ethernet Network An Overview in Context of Next-generation Network
 - Ethernet Technology Options & Evolution
- Carrier Ethernet Network Planning Challenges
- A Multi-layer Approach in Ethernet Network Planning
- Conclusion

Ethernet Network In Next-generation Network



- Ethernet Network
 - Optical Ethernet (MEN/WAN)

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- Support over various Layer 1 & Technologies





- STP A Link Management Protocol to Prevent undesirable Loop in the Network
 - Spanning Tree Protocols
 - (STP/RSPT)
 - IEEE 802.1D Standard •
 - Per VLAN Spanning Tree Protocol (PVST)
 - Maintain STP per VLAN •
 - Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
- Issues
 - Convergence
 - Scalability



- Ethernet over MPLS (EoM) uses Tunnel Mechanism to Carry Layer 2 Ethernet Traffic
- EoM Encapsulate MAC Frame in MPLS Packet and Forward across MPLS Network
- For Resiliency use MPLS Protection
- T-MPLS



- Ethernet PBT = Deterministic Ethernet
- Distribute Bridging Tables using Control Plane
 - No Spanning Tree
- PBT Trunk can Carry Many Type of Services
- Protection Path



Ethernet Services

E-Line Service UNI MEN CE CE UNI **Point-to-Point EVC E-LAN Service** UNI UNI CE MEN CF UNI UNI Multipoint-to-Multipoint EVC **E-TREE Service** CE UN CE CE UNI UN **Point-to-Multipoint EVC**

- E-Line Service (Pt-to-Pt)
 - Private Line Services
 - Point-to-Point VPNs
- E-LAN Service (Any-to-Any)
 - Multipoint VPNs

- E-TREE Service (Pt-to-Multipoint)
 - Rooted Multicast





Ethernet Network Planning Challenges

- Converged service demand (with pt-pt, multi-point, and ptmultipoint services)
- Multiple technology deployed and its complexity
 - Native Ethernet (Ethernet over SONET/SDH), Ethernet over MPLS, PBT/PBB-TE
 - Protocols: STP/RSTP, MSTP, PVST ..
 - Equipment functionality and complexity
- Issues:
 - Accuracy in capturing service demand
 - Complexity in configuration set-up and protocol sub-optimal use of network
 - Logical configuration changes impact on balanced augmentation
 - Lack of analysis of network in failure scenario worst case behavior of network capacity/utilization
 - Evolving technologies
 - Getting the right cost measure
- Consequence: Sub-optimal network build and augmentation











Ethernet Network Planning System Solving the Challenge

- Market Driven Network Build-out
 - Based on service forecast and existing infrastructure
- Capacity/Bottleneck Analysis & Augmentation Strategy
 - Equipment Model and Configuration
 - Analyze Potential Capacity Bottleneck and provide Augmentation Strategy
 - LoM (List of Materials) & BoM (Bill of Materials)
 - Equipment forecast

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- Multi-layer Failure and Impact analysis
 - Analyze Network Behavior prior to Operation
- Layer Model Supporting Multiple Technologies
 - Technology & Routing Complexity

Conclusion

What we Discussed

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- Carrier Ethernet Technology Options
- Ethernet Network Planning Challenges
- A Layer Approach for Ethernet Network Planning
 - Handle Multiple Technology Options
 - Multi-layer Failure and Diversity Analysis
- Q & A

