

What's After ATM?

Tachyon

Transmission Mode

The Information Airline



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◆ Caveat Lector*

- The problems discussed herein are real. The solutions are not guaranteed -- to say the least.

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** That's Latin for "Let the reader beware"*

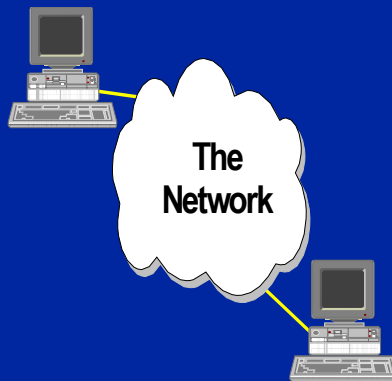
Tachyon Transmission Mode

- ◆ Defining the Problem
 - Why the "Information Highway" is just a dirt road, fraught with mud and potholes...



ATM and Protocols

- ◆ ATM relies on upper layer protocols for accurate transmission
- ◆ Protocols are in the "end" devices - the DTE
- ◆ Often ignored in throughput calculations



Protocols and Windows

- ◆ All protocols have "windows" of frames that are outstanding
- ◆ Essential for network throughput
- ◆ "Window out" once all outstanding frames are transmitted



Protocol Issues

- ➔ All data must have some form of protocol, but it will usually be in the DTE or beyond
 - The protocol ensures accurate delivery of the data
 - Not literally within the scope of Frame Relay or ATM, but can have a profound effect

Protocol Issues

- ◆ All data must have some form of protocol, but it will usually be in the DTE or beyond
- ➔ Protocol factors affecting throughput
 - Modulo (number of outstanding frames)
 - Maximum frame size
 - Memory in protocol device
 - Selective vs. “Go Back N” ARQ

Protocol Issues

- ◆ All data must have some form of protocol, but it will usually be in the DTE or beyond
- ◆ Protocol issues, including selective ARQ, also affect net congestion.
- ➔ ***If Frame Relay or ATM doesn't offer the throughput you expect, it may have **nothing** to do with the transport protocol.***

Protocols and Network Delay

- ◆ Memory Effects: "Bits in the Pipe" must be buffered at some place in the network
 - "Bits in the Pipe" = Delay X Speed
 - At T1: 1.544 Mbps X 30 msec. = 45,000 bits = 5,600 bytes; OK for Modulo-8 & medium-sized frames
 - At T3: 45 Mbps X 30 msec. = 1,350,000 bits = 160,000 bytes; Almost all protocols will "window out" for a single transmission

Network Delay

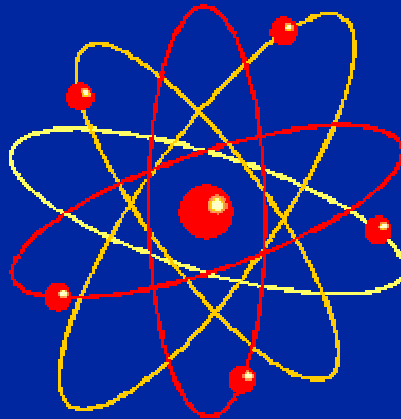
- ◆ In tomorrow's world, the "Memory Effects" remain; "Bits in the Pipe" still must be buffered
 - "Bits in the Pipe" = Delay X Speed
 - » At OC-12: 600 Mbps X 30 msec. = 18,000,000 bits = 2.25 Mbytes in the communications buffers!
 - » At OC-48: 2.4 Gbps X 30 msec. = 72,000,000 bits = 9 Mbytes in the communications buffer!
 - DUE TO THE SPEED OF LIGHT IN A VACUUM - THERE ARE MANY MORE DELAYS!
 - » Glass (Fiber Optic) has about 1.5 to 1.7 index of refraction

Tachyon Transmission Mode

- ◆ Defining the Problem
- ➔ Introducing Tachyon Transmission Mode

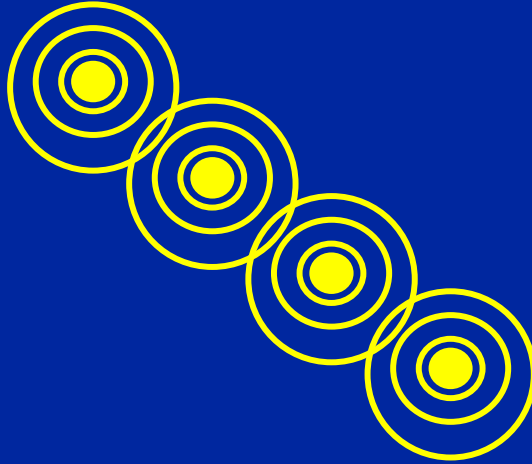
What is a Tachyon?

- ◆ Elementary particle that moves faster than the speed of light; similar to "anti-matter"
- ◆ Detected in linear accelerator experiments
- ◆ Field Propagation is an example of how tachyons "work" in the real world



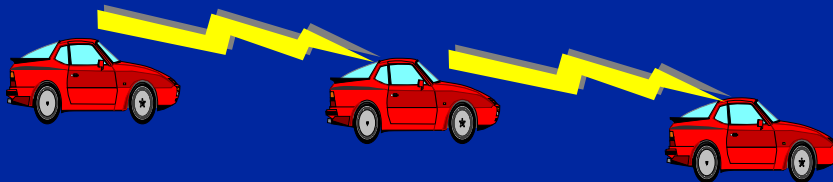
What is Tachyon Transmission Mode?

- ◆ Intrinsic photonic relay using electromagnetic fields of photons
- ◆ Based on *Bilateral Ultra Low Luminescence Coupled Resonance Attenuated Phase Technology*



What is BULLCRAP?

- ◆ Each photon detects minor changes in the electromagnetic field of adjacent photons
- ◆ Similar to cars radioing ahead (or flashing lights) to propagate signal as they travel down the highway



Tachyon Transmission Mode

- ◆ Defining the Problem
- ◆ Introducing Tachyon Transmission Mode
- ➔ Challenges
 - Higher speeds
 - Technology
 - Regulatory
 - "Moral"

TTM Challenges

- ◆ Higher Speeds
 - Current experiments to Warp 3; Warp 8 needed for production

TTM Challenges

◆ Technology

- Existence of tachyons hasn't been proven
- No way to detect particles in excess of speed of light
- Minor problem that should have essentially no impact
- Industry has no history of encumbrance by mere reality

TTM Challenges

◆ Regulatory

- If the FCC doesn't regulate it, it's because they don't know about its existence
- PUCs will also get involved

TTM Challenges

◆ "Moral"

- Redefines meaning of simultaneous
- Particularly a problem for anything on which wagers can be made
- If the uncertainty principle really holds, will it be useful only for information that is not used? Remember Schrodinger's cat?